

**INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES
MINES CONTROL AND CONSERVATION OF MINERAL DIVISION**

MCDR INSPECTION REPORT

Bhubaneshwar regional office

Mine file No : ORI/MN/KJR/MCDR-2/BBS

Mine code : 40ORI08003

- (i) Name of the Inspecting : **25**) **SHRI IBRAHIM SARIF**
Officer and ID No.
- (ii) Designation : Assistant Controller Mine
- (iii) Accompanying mine : R L Joshi Mines Manager
Official with
Designation
- (iv) Date of Inspection : 21/04/2015
- (v) Prev.inspection date : 22/07/2013

PART-I : GENERAL INFORMATION

1. (a) **Mine Name** : **BAMEBARI**
- (b) Category : A Manual
- (c) Type of Working : Opencast
- (d) Postal address
- State : ORISSA
- District : KEONJHAR
- Village : BAMEBARI
- Taluka : CHAMPUA
- Post office : BAMEBARI
- Pin Code :
- FAX No. : 06767-272027,272246
- E-mail :
- Phone : 06767-279208
- (e) Police Station :
- (f) First opening date : 01/03/1939
2. Address for : BAMEBARI MN MINES
correspondance VIL/PO-BAMEBARI
DIST-KEONJHAR,ORISSA-758034
3. (a) Lease Number : ORI0187
- (b) Lease area : 464
- (c) Period of lease : 20
- (d) Date of Expiry : 31/03/2000
4. Mineral worked : MANGANESE ORE Main

5. Name and Address of the

Lessee : TATA IRON & STEEL CO. LTD.
TATA IRON & STEEL CO. OMQ,
NUAMUNDI JHARKHAND
SINGHBHUM (WEST) JHARKHAND
Phone:
FAX :

Owner : M/sTISCO
Mr. N.P.Sinha M/s TISCO
singhbhum SINGHBHUM (WEST)
JHARKHAND
Phone: 06767-72010
FAX :

Agent : A.DIXIT
KEONJHAR ORISSA
Phone:
FAX :

Mining Engineer

Name : A.K.DUBEY, Full Time
Qualification : BE MINING
Appointment/ : 07/08/2002
Termination date

Mining Engineer

Name : P.K.MISHRA, Full Time
Qualification : AMIE (MINING)
Appointment/ : 16/06/2001
Termination date

Geologist

Name : RAJIV RANJAN, Full Time
Qualification : M.Sc (GEOLOGY)
Appointment/ : 16/06/2001
Termination date

Geologist

Name : B.K.DAS, Full Time
Qualification : M.Sc (GEO)
Appointment/ : 05/08/2002
Termination date

Manager

Name : S.SATPATHY
Qualification : DIPLOMA IN MINING ENGINEERING
Appointment/ : 01/04/2004
Termination date

6. Date of approval of Mining : 26/03/2015
Plan/Scheme of Mining

PART - II : TECHNICAL DETAILS/COMMENTS

1. Details about Average employment :

Maximum number of persons employed on any day during the year

Employment category	No.of employment	Av. yearly working days
DIRECT		
Managerial	2	308
Plant	7	
Supervisory	7	
Others	11	
Ministrial	4	
CONTRACT		
Others	123	
Supervisory	1	
Workers	208	

2. Community Development Plan (in and around the mines) : Proposed action and expenditure towards socio-economic development.

Action during the year	Expenditure in Rs. Lakhs for				Remarks
	previous year		current year		
	Proposed	Incurred	Proposed	Incurred	
General					
Medical facility	12.20	0.00	1.60	10.05	
Water supply	26.00	9.48	28.12	25.52	
Sanitation	6.22	6.04	5.40	10.54	
Sub total	44.42	15.52	35.12	46.11	
Infrastructure					
Public transport	12.85	57.58	0.00	53.17	
Sub total	12.85	57.58	15.52	53.17	
Training	21.00	33.46	0.00	18.06	
Total	78.27	126.16	15.52	117.34	

3. Status of compliance of MCDR, 1988, including therewith the rectification of the outstanding violation of rules.

Outstanding violation of rule 13(1) of MCDR, 1988 was observed which was communicated to the party vide office letter dated 02.09.2013.

During current inspection violation of rule 13(1) and 27(4) of MCDR 1988 was pointed out to the party vide this office letter dated 08.05.2015. by violation cum show cause notice.

4. A note on the justification in case of suspension of mining operation under rule 13(2) or prohibition of deployment of any person under rule 56 of MCDR, 19888, if recommended.

Not recommended at present

5. Scientific Mining

Items	Proposal	Actual work done	Remarks
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A. Exploration (Rule 13)

a.Type of prospecting : Core BH -45 Nos. Core BH-22 Nos.
and exploration i.e. Meterage-1750 Mtr. Meterage-1109.95 Mtr.
pitting, drilling

B. Working (Rule 13)

a.Number and size of : Bamebari : Bamebari :
each pit (LxWxH) 830m X 523m X 80m 830m X 522m X 82m
 Joribar : Joribar :
 480m X 400m X 108m 470m X 379m X 107m
 Bonaikela ; Bonaikela ;
 342m X 100m X 45m 180m X 70m X 38m

b.Bench : Irregular Length Irregular Length with 6
size(LxWxH)length can with 6 - 8m (min) - 8m (min) width & 6 -
be defined as width & 6 - 8m 8m (max) height.
regular/irregular (max) height.

c.Ore to waste ratio : Bamebari : 1:18.4 Bamebari : 1:16.67
pit wise if possible Joribar : 1:9.2 Joribar : 1:0.92
otherwise for mine Bonaikela : NA Bonaikela : NA
 Avg. for Mine : Avg. for Mine 1 : 2.31
 1:9.8

d.Total area covered : 91.514 ha 91.514 Ha
under excavation/pits

C. Waste disposal (Rule 13)

a.Location of dumps : Over the non- Over the non-mineralised
 mineralised ground ground within lease
 within lease hold. hold.

e.Yearly generation : 384923 CuM 149387 CuM
of waste quantity.

b.Method of dumping : Retreating Retreating
whether
advancing/retreat

c.Total area covered : 50.883 ha 43.323 Ha
under waste dump.

d.No.and size of each : Bamebari Block: Bamebari Block:
waste dump with No of 700m X 250M X 55m L-700m X B-250M X H-52m
steps/lift/bench - 4 Lifts - 3 Lifts
 Joribar Block: Joribar Block:
 676m X 375m X 46m L-700m X B-173m X H-41m
 - 3Lifts - 3 Lifts
 Bonaikela Block: L-195 X B-73m X H-25m -2
 151m X 116m X 24m Lifts
 - Bonaikela Block:
 2 Lift L-151m X B-116m X H-24m
 - 1 Lift

D. Production

b. Year wise :
production of last
five year.

Chem. Grade - 4812.279
MT
High Grade - 12039.716
MT
Med. Grade - 21520.843
MT
Low Grade - 14125.722
MT
Total -
52498.560 MT

D. Reserve

a. Reserve position as :
per latest MP/MS and
at the time of
inspection.

(2) Mn. Ore Reserve : As
on 01.04.2015
Proved Mineral Reserve
(111) - 975488MT
Probable Mineral Reserve
(121 & 122) - 0 MT
Prefeasibility Minerals
Resource (121& 122)-
310875 MT
Indicated Mineral
Resource (332) - 161690
MT
Inferred Mineral
Resource (333) - 500000
MT
Total Mineral Resources
- 1948053 MT

RESERVE POSITION AS ON 01/04/2015

MANGANESE ORE		
Category	Quantity in Tonnes	Grade
Proved	975488	
Probable	0	
Possible	972565	
Total	1948053	

PRODUCTION FOR THE PREVIOUS YEAR 2014 - 2015

Mineral	Production	Unit
MANGANESE ORE	52498	TON

6. Conservation of Mineral - both quantitative and qualitative**Beneficiation (Rule 20 and 26)**

- Efforts for improving low grade and sub grade mineral. : The low grade ore are considered as production and are sold in both domestic markets.
- Efforts for improving percentage of recovery of ore. : Manual screening of mineral rejects and fines generated during sorting & sizing is in practice to recover -6 +10mm and < 6mm sized Mn.Ore. The stacks are separately made and kept at stack yard as finished product.

Mineral Rule 15

Percentage of recovery of ore pitwise w.r.t. ROM and total material : Overall Avg. - 85% w.r.t. ROM & 16% of Total Excavation

Number of benches in ore and waste.	:	Area:	Waste	Ore
		Bamebari-	12	4
		Joribar	12	4
		Bonaikela	3	2

Sub/grd mineral/fines (Rule16)

Qty of yearly generation and total qty available during inspection with grade : About 24536 MT having Mn. Content > 15%.

Number and size of each stack : 2 nos. (Max Size - 50m X 30m X 15m)

Location of stacking. : Within RML applied area

Separate stacking from waste : Stacking of sub-grade has been carried over waste dump yard in Bamebari block and in Joribar block

Total area covered for stacking : 3.0 Ha

Exploration data as on 31/03/ 2015

No. of Boreholes	No. of Pits	No. of Trenches
821		

OVERBURDEN HANDLED DURING PREVIOUS YEAR 2014 - 2015

Overburden/waste removed (in m3) : 386519

Utilisation of Sub Grade Mineral and Mineral Rejects

Generated	Utilised	Stacked	(In Ton.)

7. Environment Management - both quantitative and qualitativ

A. Land environment

- a. Landscape. : It is envisaged that, mining pits at Joribar and Bamebari Block will required lateral development to go deeper as well as new area will be utilized for extraction of manganese ore. Reclamation by back filling at Bamebari Block is continuing.
- b. Aesthetic environment : Mining operations open ugly sights of excavations and large waste dumps at times visible from long distances. It is desirable to screen away such sights so that, the visible unpleasantness if the operations is not exposed to public. Well planned plantation with 417230 nos. of saplings over an area on 69.37 ha. of local forestry species has been done to improve the aesthetic value of the land.
- c. Soil and land use pattern : 82.38% of total lease area is forest land (382.269 Ha out of 464 Ha
Lease area(surface area) utilization as at the end of the year(hectares) As on 01.04.2014
- | | | |
|---|--|---------|
| 1 | Already exploited & abandoned by opencast (O/C) mining | 0 |
| 2 | Covered under current (O/C) Working | :90.591 |
| 3 | Reclaimed/rehabilitated : | 27.78 |
| 4 | Used for waste disposal : | 47.753 |
| 5 | Occupied by plant, buildings, residential, welfare buildings & roads : | 38.856 |
| 6 | Mineral Storage : | 10.390 |
| 7 | Green Belt : | 18.660 |
- d. Agriculture : In the intermountain valleys and other areas, the crop land exists as small patches. The mining operation does not affect any agriculture land inside or outside the lease hold area. Private land covers over 16.994 ha. (3.66% of total RML applied area of 464 ha)
- e. Forest(flora and fauna) : The forest area covered over 382.269 ha (Khesra Forest - 62.844 ha, Reserve Forest - 170.157 ha & DLC - 149.268 ha). The area consists of thin vegetation covered with different species of flora. Fauna like Langur, Jackal, Wolf, Jungle cat, Bat, Jungle owl Squirrels are found in the area. The impact of noise due to mining operation and blasting on wild life is inevitable. Presently controlled blasting technique is practiced by improving the blasting efficiency by reducing the blast induced noise.
- f. Vegetation : The overall impact on vegetation is limited to the temporary deterioration of land due to mining and allied activities for which suitable reclamation scheme has been made besides compensatory afforestation for forest land. The bio-diversity closer to and away from mining areas does not show any significant deviations.
- h. Public building, places : There are no protected monuments and historical

and monuments (protected, historical), places of worship and places of tourist

monuments inside the core and buffer zone.

B Water environment.

- a. Surface water : Major part of the area has dendritic drainage pattern. The hill ranges are drained by seasonal nallahs in all directions. A few seasonal streams flow through the lease. High flood level of Baitarani river and Suna nadi is much below the mining lease.
- c. Quality of water : Potable
- b. Ground water : No ground water table has been intersected during mining at existing pit depth. In order to ensure the quality of ground water, seasonal monitoring at nearby wells is being monitored and results are well within the permissible limits.

C. Air environment

- a. Noise : The noise level is being monitored and no significant impact has been observed as of now. Existing control measures to preserve environment caused by noise pollution are;
 - a) Mufflers and silencers are used in mining and earth moving equipments,
 - b) Noise level from dumpers and other vehicles are kept low by avoiding travel in excess gradient.
 - c) Maintenance schedules are adhered strictly.
 - d) Operating personnel working near the machine are provided with ear plugs.
- b. Air : The monitoring results show that, the mining activities has not created a significant impact on ambient air quality primarily due to medium scale operation and secondarily due to dense vegetation around the mining area.
- c. Climatic condition : Sub tropical region. Summer is typically from March to mid June when temperature ranges from a maximum of 42.0°C during daytime to a minimum of 23.2°C at night. Winter is from December to February when the maximum temperature during day goes up to 20.7°C and minimum temperature at night becomes as low as 5.4°C.

D. Socio economic environment

- b. Recommending health and safety. : The climate and vegetation along with the topography have made the area fairly inhospitable. Dense tropical forest, abundant stagnant water and humidity are conducive to giving rise to a number of diseases. However, Tata Steel Rural Development Society put the continuous effort towards awareness of people and rendering the medical support inside the core and buffer zone.
- a. Social and demographic : The area has primarily forest, agriculture and fallow

profile.

land. The people are mainly forest dwellers with agriculture as their main activity. Other than this, a large number of people are employed as labourers in the various mining companies.

c. Human settlement : Excluding the urban population the average settlement size is 501. 69% of the settlements have a population less than 501 while almost 92% of the settlements have less than 1000 inhabitants. The terrain and ecology do not permit larger settlements.

7.1 Comments on the steps taken by the lessee towards maintaining environment and monitoring of environmental parameters to ensure the qualitative improvement in the environment and ecology.

<u>Water Management</u>					
Season	Station type	Station name	Parameter	Value	
				Actual	Excess

<u>Air data for excess parameters</u>					
Season	Station name	Type of area	Parameter	Value	
				Actual	Excess

<u>PLANTATION DURING THE PREVIOUS YEAR</u>	<u>2014 - 2015</u>
	Area in Hect.

<u>TOP SOIL MANAGEMENT</u>
Quantity as on 31/03/2015

8. Scrutiny of annual returns on cost of production, reserve, production, pit mouth value, stock, land use pattern and fixed assets.

2014-15

(1) Cost of operation (during 2014-15) : Rs 3235.73

(2) Mn. Ore Reserve : As on 01.04.2015

Proved Mineral Reserve (111) - 975488MT
 Probable Mineral Reserve (121 & 122) - 0 MT
 Prefeasibility Minerals Resource (121& 122)-310875 MT
 Indicated Mineral Resource (332) - 161690 MT
 Inferred Mineral Resource (333) - 500000 MT
 Total Mineral Resources - 1948053 MT

(3) Production during 2014-15

Chem.Grade - 4812.279 MT
 High Grade - 12039.716 MT
 Med.Grade - 21520.843 MT
 Low Grade - 14125.722 MT
 Total - 52498.560 MT

(4) Pit's Mouth Value during 2014-15

Chem Grade - Rs. 3176.42/MT
 High Grade - Rs. 3549.85/MT
 Med.Grade - Rs. 3606.73/MT
 Low Grade - Rs. 3440.10/MT

(5) Stock as on	As on 01.04.2015	As on 31.01.2016
Chem..Grade -	1.834 MT	555.964 MT
High Grade -	150.903 MT	1043.454 MT
Med.Grade -	9018.251 MT	8840.419 MT
Low Grade -	9201.536 MT	14091.609 MT
Total -	18372.524 MT	24536.108

MT

(6) Land use pattern : As on 01.04.2014

S.no. Lease area(surface area) utilization as at the end of the year(hectares)

1 Covered under current (O/C) Working 90.591

2 Reclaimed/rehabilitated 27.78

4 Used for waste disposal 47.753

5 Occupied by plant, buildings, residential, welfare buildings & roads 38.856

6 Storage of Top Soil 0

7 Mineral Storage 10.390

8 Green Belt 18.660

(7) Fixed assets as on 01.04.2014:

Building (Industrial & residential : Rs. 189631.00

Plant, machinery including transport equipment : NIL

PART - III : PERFORMANCE OF MINE OWNER

(In case of lease expiring within 2 years - as per guidelines)

PART - IV : PROPOSALS FOR FURTHER ACTION FOR :

Indian Bureau of Mines (any issue related to CGPB, SGPB, Assistance, Consultancy, Annual Programme and studies, etc.)

None

State Government (Illegal mining, mining dispute, infrastructure, Mineral based industry, Mineral policy, etc.)

None

The Central Government (Infrastructure, Development, Mineral policy and Legislation, Mineral based industry, etc.)

None

Date :

(SHRI IBRAHIM SARIF)

Indian Bureau of Mines